## Waste generation from 1000 MW\*yr **Uranium** light-water reactor



Mining 800,000 MT of ore containing 0.2% uranium (260 MT U)

Generates ~600,000 MT of waste rock



Milling and processing to yellowcake—natural U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> (248 MT U)

Generates 130,000 MT of mill tailings



Conversion to natural  $UF_{6}$  (247 MT U)

Generates 170 MT of solid waste and 1600 m<sup>3</sup> of liquid waste



Enrichment of 52 MT of (3.2%) UF<sub>6</sub> (35 MT U)

Generates 314 MT of depleted uranium hexafluoride (DU); consumes 300 GW\*hr of electricity



Fabrication of 39 MT of enriched (3.2%)  $UO_2$  (35 MT U)

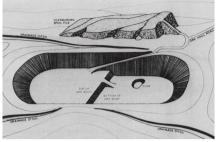
Generates 17 m<sup>3</sup> of solid waste and 310 m<sup>3</sup> of liquid waste





Irradiation and disposal of 39 MT of spent fuel consisting of unburned uranium, transuranics, and fission products.

## Waste generation from 1000 MW\*yr **Thorium** liquid-fluoride reactor (WE DON"T NEED TO MINE NEW THORIUM – PLENTY AVAILABLE NOW)





Mining 200 MT of ore containing 0.5% thorium (1 MT Th)

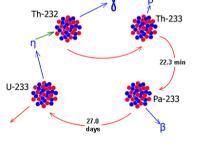
Generates ~199 MT of waste rock



Milling and processing to thorium nitrate ThNO<sub>3</sub>(1 MT Th)

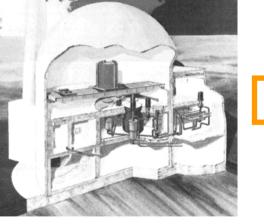
Generates 0.1 MT of mill tailings and 50 kg of aqueous wastes





Thorium Fuel Cycle

Conversion to metal and introduction into reactor blanket



Breeding to U233 and complete fission





Disposal of 0.8 MT of spent fuel consisting only of fission product fluorides