

High Efficiency Accelerator Driven Reactor

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&

International Symposium On Hydrogen In Matter (ISOHIM)

**Third Thorium Energy Alliance
Future Energy Conference**

Top of the Hill Conf. Center – Washington, DC

May 12, 2011

Overview

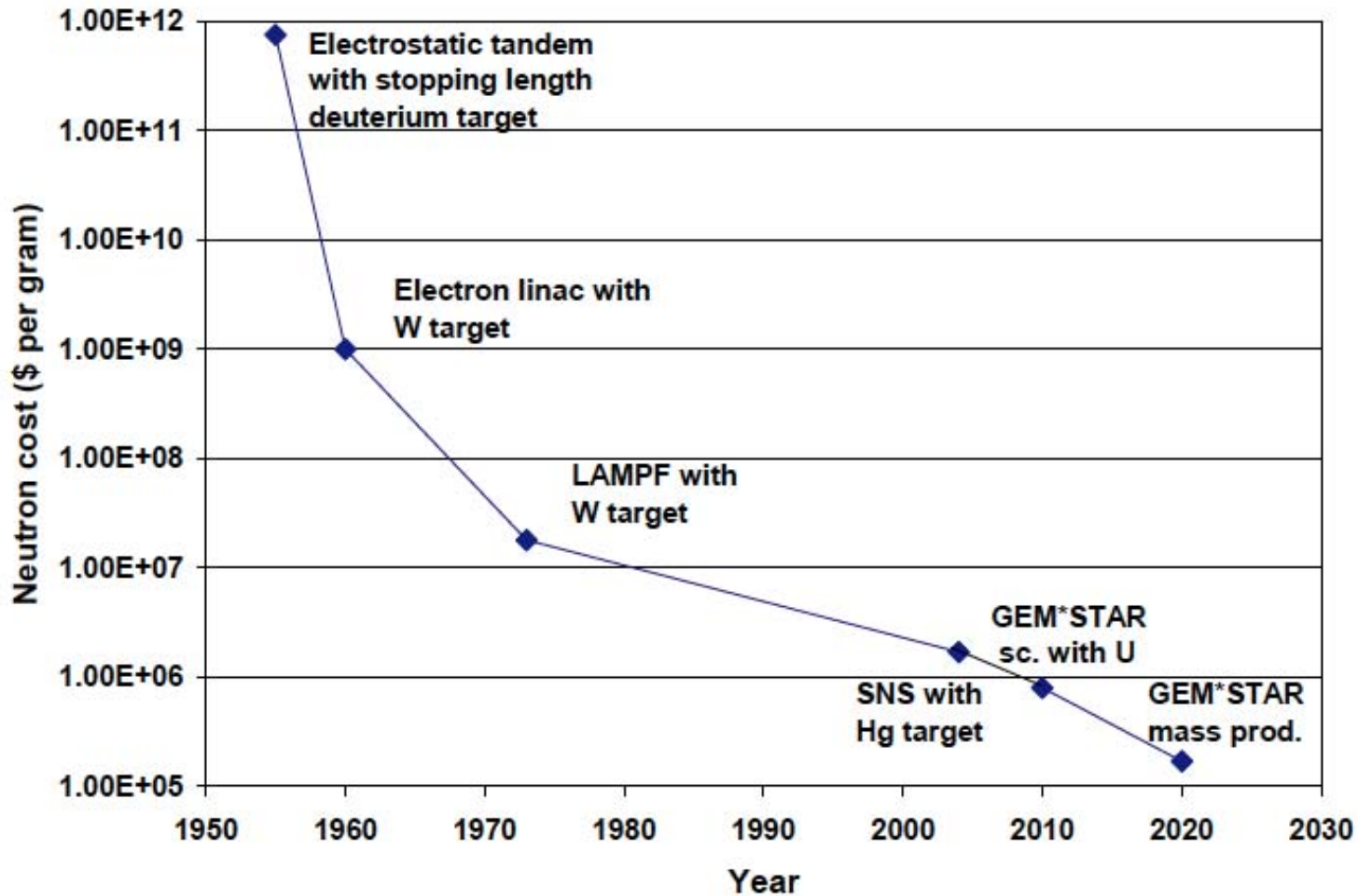
- ❖ **Brief History**
- ❖ **Initial Contacts with India – 2005-2006 (thorium)**
- ❖ **BARC – JLab MOA (CW SRF with low RRR ingot Nb-2007)**
- ❖ **HBNI – UVa MOA 2009**
- ❖ **DAE – Virginia Thorium Energy Discussions**
- ❖ **International ADS-Th Utilization Workshops**

Brief Early History of ADS

- ❖ 1950 – U. E. O. Lawrence, High power accelerators for producing fissile materials
- ❖ 1952 – W. B. Lewis, proposed use of thorium with intense neutron generator
- ❖ 1992 – V. Bowman, Energy generation with ATW
- ❖ 1993 – C. Rubbia, Energy amplifier

Thorium – non proliferation, no melt down, safe and least NRC involvement

Charlie Bowman's Neutron Cost Estimates



Nuclear power: Thorium

physicsworld.com

Enter the thorium tiger

India has a unique vision for a secure nuclear-energy future based on thorium. As the UK enters a new era of civil nuclear collaboration with India, **Matthew Chalmers** tours India's nuclear labs with a British High Commission team helping to bring physicists from both countries together

Department of Atomic Energy (DAE, Government of India) Institutions

- ❖ **Tata Institute of Fundamental Research (A deemed University, 1943, Homi Bhabha)**
 - **TIFR-Hyderabad Center, Andhra Pradesh**
 - ❖ **Bhabha Atomic Research Center (Homi Bhabha, AEET 1954, 1957 Nehru, 1967 Indira Gandhi)**
 - **BARC-Vizag Center, Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh**
 - ❖ **Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics**
 - ❖ **Nuclear Power Corporation of India (NPCIL)**
 - ❖ **Variable Energy Cyclotron Center (VECC)**
 - ❖ **Tata Memorial Center**
 - ❖ **Indira Gandhi Center for Atomic Research (IGCAR)**
 - ❖ **Raja Ramanna Center for Advanced Technology (RRCAT)**
 - ❖ **Institute of Mathematical Sciences**
 - ❖ **Institute of Physics**
 - ❖ **Harish-Chandra Research Institute**
 - ❖ **Institute of Plasma Research (IPR – ITER partner Institution)**
- ✓ **Except for TIFR and NPCIL – the rest are Constituent Institutes of Homi Bhabha National Institute (HBNI, a Deemed Government of India University)**

UVa-HBNI Thorium Energy Discussions

Indian Nuclear Power Programme & its linkage to ADS

S. Banerjee
Bhabha Atomic Research Centre
Mumbai, India

Green Energy - Thorium

World Thorium Resources

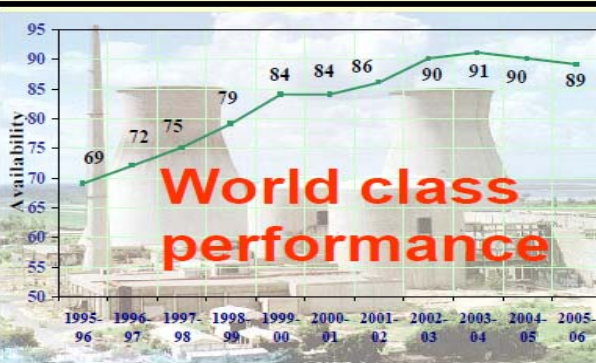
<u>Country</u>	<u>Reserves (tons)</u>
Australia	300,000
India	290,000
Norway	170,000
USA	160,000
Canada	100,000
S. Africa	35,000
Brazil	16,000
Malaysia	4,500
Other Countries	95,000
World total	1,200,000

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Dr.
Banerjee

India's Nuclear Energy R&D Programs

Three Stage Nuclear Power Programme- Present Status



Stage - I PHWRs

- 15 - Operating
- 3 - Under construction
- Several others planned
- Scaling to 700 MWe
- Gestation period has been reduced
- **POWER POTENTIAL \cong 10,000 MWe**

LWRs

- 2 BWRs Operating
- 2 VVERs under construction

Stage - II

Fast Breeder Reactors

- 40 MWth FBTR - Operating since 1985, Technology Objectives realized.
- 500 MWe PFBR- Under Construction
- **POWER POTENTIAL \cong 530,000 MWe**

Stage - III

Thorium Based Reactors

- 30 kWth KAMINI- Operating
- 300 MWe AHWR- Under Development

POWER POTENTIAL IS VERY LARGE

Availability of ADS can enable early introduction of Thorium and enhance capacity growth rate.

India's Advanced Reactor

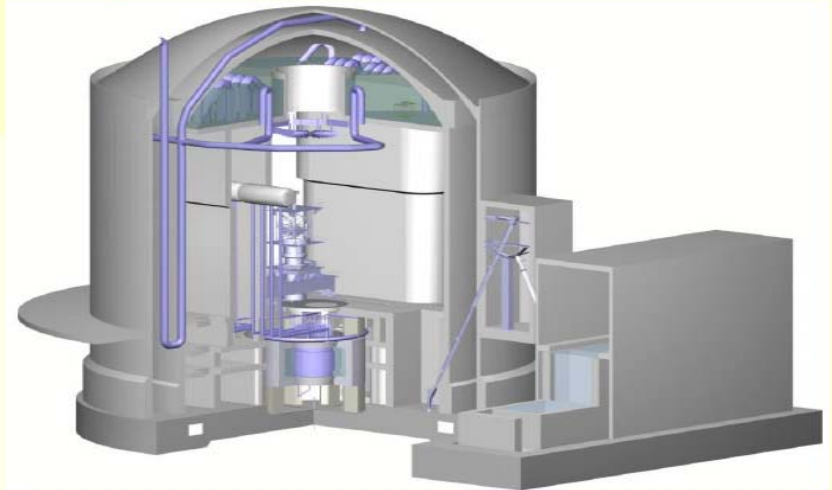
Advanced Heavy Water Reactor (AHWR)

- Vertical pressure tube.
- Boiling light water cooled.
- Heavy water moderated.
- Fuelled by ^{233}U -Th MOX and Pu-Th MOX.

Major Design Objectives

- Power output – 300 MWe with 500 m³/d of desalinated water.
- Core heat removal by natural circulation.
- A large fraction (65%) of power from thorium.
- Extensive deployment of passive safety features – 3 days grace period, and no need for planning off-site emergency measures.
- Design life of 100 years.
- Easily replaceable coolant channels.

Technology demonstration for large-scale thorium utilization



- Currently under Pre-Licensing Safety Appraisal by AERB.
- International recognition as an innovative design.

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Ingot Niobium: Frontier Technology for Nuclear Power

Ganapati Rao Myneni

**Accelerator Division , Jefferson Lab
&
Department of Physics, University of Virginia**

**Bhabha Centenary Symposium
TIFR, Mumbai, India
December 3-5, 2009**

This technology will improve the Qo of the Linacs ~ 3 there by reducing the Cryogenic System costs by ~ 60% and reduce the operating costs ~3

<http://conferences.jlab.org/sstin/index.html>

Initial vision

- ❖ **Small Electron Linac Driven Sub-critical Thorium Systems (AD-STS) in India and USA**
- ❖ **Full fledged US facility 300 MWe AD-STS (USA?)**
- ❖ **Vision: India & US teams jointly work on implementing one each AD-STS in US and India**

International ADS-Th Utilization Workshops



**First workshop was jointly Organized by
Virginia Tech and Jefferson Lab Sept 22-
24, 2010**

**[http://www.phys.vt.edu/~kimballton/gem-
star/workshop/index.shtml](http://www.phys.vt.edu/~kimballton/gem-star/workshop/index.shtml)**

**Dr. Stuart Anderson of FNAL presented the
DOE Office of Science Committee report**



Finding #2

Accelerator-driven sub-critical systems offer the potential for safely burning fuels which are difficult to incorporate in critical systems, for example fuel without uranium or thorium.

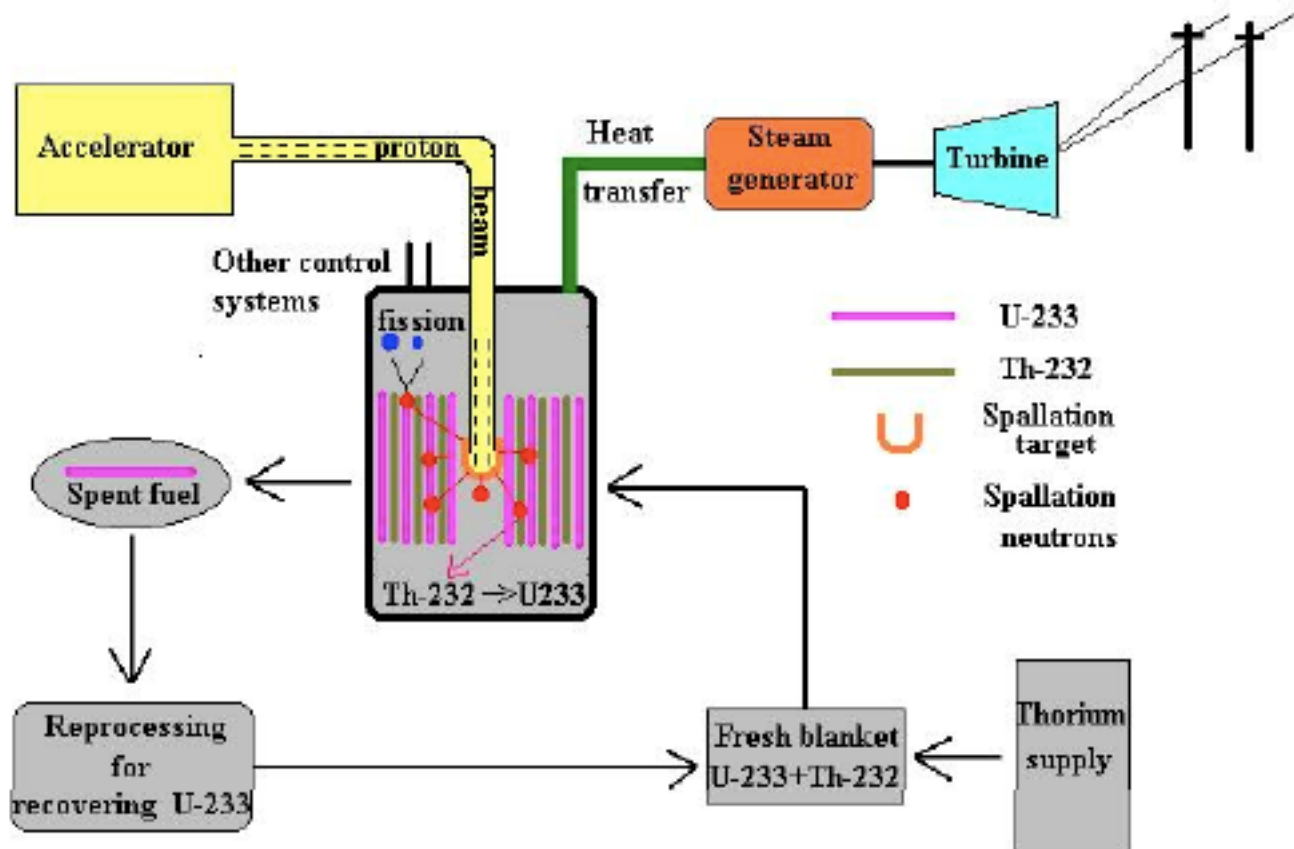
Finding #3

Accelerator driven subcritical systems can be utilized to efficiently burn minor actinide

Finding #4

Accelerator driven subcritical systems can be utilized to generate power from thorium-based fuels

Thorium utilizing ADS Scheme



Schematic of an Accelerator Driven Sub-critical System to produce electricity as well as breed fissile Uranium-233

2nd International ADS & Thorium Utilization Workshop Dec 11-14, 2011

Mumbai, India



Program Committee:

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Several Others from BARC



Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

